



Elementary Legislation 1st Semester, Fall 2025

SEPTEMBER/OCTOBER 2025 LEGISLATION

- A Bill to Mandate AI Watermarks
- A Resolution to Amend the Constitution to Establish the Right to Healthcare

NOVEMBER/DECEMBER 2025 LEGISLATION

- A Bill to Ban the Prescription of the GLP-1 and Dual GLP-1/GIP Receptor Agonist Drugs for Weight Loss
- A Resolution to Amend the Constitution to Remove the Natural Born Citizen Clause

SEPTEMBER/OCTOBER: A Bill to Mandate AI Watermarks

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

SECTION 1. Any content created using artificial intelligence (AI) within the United States and its territories is required to encode a watermark that allows for easy detection of the fact that AI was used. All foreign AI content creation services are required to abide by this same requirement in order to do business in the United States.

SECTION 2. Any domestic business found to be in violation of this legislation shall be fined \$50,000 for each infraction, with five or more infractions in a twelve-month period resulting in a five-year suspension of that business' licensure. Any international business found to be in violation of this legislation shall immediately and permanently be banned from doing business in the United States.

SECTION 3. This legislation shall be overseen by the Federal Communications Commission (FCC), which shall be additionally responsible for determining what specific form these watermarks take and communicating those standards to AI-content producers.

SECTION 4. This legislation will take effect on July 1, 2026.

SECTION 5. All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate.

SEPTEMBER/OCTOBER: A Resolution to Amend the Constitution to Establish the Right to Healthcare

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

RESOLVED, By two-thirds of the Congress here assembled, that the following article is proposed as an amendment to the Constitution of the United States, which shall be valid to all intents and purposes as part of the Constitution when ratified by the legislatures of three-fourths of the several states within seven years from the date of its submission by the Congress:

ARTICLE --

SECTION 1. All citizens of the United States and its territories are henceforth entitled to comprehensive healthcare free of charge.

SECTION 2. Comprehensive healthcare shall include at minimum preventative, urgent, and emergency care in the areas of traditional healthcare, dental care, ophthalmological care, and behavioral healthcare.

SECTION 3. The Congress shall have the power to enforce this article by appropriate legislation.

Introduced for Congressional Debate.

NOVEMBER/DECEMBER: A Bill to Ban the Prescription of GLP-1 and Dual GLP-1/GIP Receptor Agonist Drugs for Weight Loss

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

SECTION 1. The prescription of GLP-1 and Dual GLP-1/GIP Receptor Agonist Drugs for the purpose of weight loss will be prohibited.

SECTION 2. The following definitions shall apply to this legislation:

A. Glucagon-Like Peptide-1 (GLP-1) and Gastric Inhibitory Polypeptides (GIP) Receptor Agonist Drugs will be defined as medications that trigger insulin release by emulating natural hormones which help to regulate blood sugar, appetite, and digestion.

B. Weight loss shall be defined as an intentional reduction of body mass. This includes cases of obesity or any elective reasons.

SECTION 3. The Department of Health and Human Services (HHS) and the Federal Drug Administration (FDA) will be responsible for enforcing this bill.

A. Any medical professionals prescribing, rewriting, or refilling prescriptions for the GLP-1 and Dual BLP-1/GIP Receptor Agonist Drugs for weight loss will be charged with malpractice.

B. Medical professionals with patients currently prescribed these drugs shall be instructed to construct alternate treatment plans.

C. GLP-1 and Dual BLP-1/GIP Receptor Agonist Drugs may still be prescribed for conditions other than weight loss including but not limited to their intended use, diabetes, cardiovascular events, and kidney disease.

SECTION 4. This legislation will take effect on January 1, 2026.

SECTION 5. All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate.

NOVEMBER/DECEMBER: A Resolution to Amend the Constitution to Remove the Natural Born Citizen Clause

RESOLVED, That the following article is proposed as an amendment to the Constitution of the United States, which shall be valid to all intents and purposes as part of the Constitution when ratified by the legislatures of three-fourths of the several states within seven years from the date of its submission by the Congress:

ARTICLE --

SECTION 1: The first sentence of Article II, Section 1, Clause 5 of the United States Constitution shall be amended to read: "No person, except a citizen of the United States who has attained the age of thirty-five years and been fourteen years a resident within the United States, shall be eligible for the Office of President. The same shall apply to the Vice President of the United States."

SECTION 2: This amendment shall not disqualify any person holding the Office of President or Vice President at the time of its ratification.

SECTION 3: The Congress shall have the power to enforce this article by appropriate legislation.

Introduced for Congressional Debate.